THE

Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9431. EDINBURGH, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1782.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

By Desire of a Lady of Diſtinction,

SATURDAY next, February 9, will be preſented, a Comedy called,

AS YOU LIKE IT.

WRITTEN BY SHAKESPEARE.

Jaques, Mr WILLIAMSON;
Amiens (*with Songs in character*) Mr Gaudry; Touchſtone, Mr Hollingſworth; Adam, Mr Sutherland; Baniſhed Duke, Mr Banks; Duke Frederick, Mr Simpſon; Oliver, Mr Taylor; Sylvius, (*with a Song*) Mr Tannett; Corin, Mr Charteris; Le Beu, Mr T. Banks; Charles, Mr Hallion; Jaques de Bois, Mr Marſhall;
And Orlando, Mr WARD.

Celia, (*with the Cuckow Song*) Miſs KIRBY;
Thebe, Mrs Tannett; Audrey, Mrs Charteris;
And Roſalind, Mrs BULKLEY.

To which will be added, *alſo by particular Deſire*, a Muſical Farce, called,

THE VIRGIN UNMASK'D,

Coupee, Mr HALLION;
Doctor Bliſter, Mr Hollingſworth; Goodwill, Mr Charteris;
Mr Thomas, Mr Taylor; Quaver, Mr Tannett;
And Miſs Lucy, Mrs JACKSON.

AND,

By deſire of the Ladies and Gentlemen who were diſappointed of places on Tueſday evening,

At the New Theatre in Dunlop-Street, GLASGOW,
On FRIDAY Evening, Feb. 8. will be repeated,

THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.

[*The Characters as before.*]

SALE OF PRIZE-GOODS.

TO be SOLD by public auction at the Warehouſe of Meſſrs Ramſay, Williamſon, and Co. *Leith*, on Thurſday the 14th day of February, at eleven o'clock forenoon, in different lots,

Forty-five Tons of UNTARRED DUTCH ROPE-YARNS, of a remarkable good quality, neatly put up in reels of 500 lib. each, being part of the cargo of the ſnow Four Friends, prize to the Lively privateer, Willis Macheil commander, taken on her paſſage from Amſterdam to Boſton.

ALSO,

A Quantity of Sail Cloth, Sheeting, Morocco Leather, and Calimanco Womens Shoes, beſt London make; Manchester Stuffs, Stockings, Linens, Checks, Haberdaſhery-ware; Tin-baſons, Iron-pans, &c. part of the cargo of the American brig Guſtavus, taken by the Lively on her paſſage from Maeſtrand to Philadelphia.

A reel of the Rope-yarns will be ſeen at the Warehouſe of Meſſrs Loudoun, Craigie, and Co. Glaſgow. For further particulars, and for Catalogues, apply as above.

PETER FORRESTER AND COMPANY,

ALWAYS deſirous of meriting a ſhare of the favour of the Public, beg leave to inform their friends and cuſtomers, That one of the partners has juſt returned from London, Birmingham, Sheffield, &c. where he has beſtowed the utmoſt care and attention in collecting from the beſt makers, a freſh and very elegant aſſortment of all kinds of Goods in the Jewellery and Hardware branches, in the very neweſt taſte.

They flatter themſelves, that their preſent aſſortment will be found the moſt complete of any that has appeared for ſome time paſt.—The public may aſſure themſelves of finding every article exceedingly reaſonable.

Their aſſortment conſiſts chiefly of

Gold Silver and Pinchbeck Watches of all kinds.
London-made Tea Kitchens, plain, and with plated mounting.
Ditto Coffee Urns, ditto and ditto.
Japanned Tea Trays, Bread Baſkets, Waiters, &c.
Plated and Platina Candleſticks of all kinds.
Plated Bread Baſkets, Waiters, and Bread Holders.
Plated Tea Pots and Coffee Urns
Plated ſetts of Caſters, 5 and 8 glaſſes each.
Plated Salts and Salt Shovels.
Plated Diſh Rings and Croſſes.
Plated Sugar Baſkets, Milk Pots, and Sauce Boats.
Plated Table, Tureen, and Tea Spoons.
Plated Wine-funnels, Bottle-ſtands, and Wine-labels.
Plated Bridle-bits, Stirrups, & Spurs.
Set Shoe, Knee, and Stock Buckles.
Gold and Gilt Bracelets, Bracelet Buckles and Slides.
Plain Gold and Set Cravat Sliders.
A great variety of Breaſt Pins, in gold and gilt metal, with Enamels, Paintings, Hair Pieces, &c.
Gold Rings ſet with Diamonds, Hair-Pieces, Paintings, &c.
Gold Lockets ſet with ditto, &c.
Silk, Hair, Gold and Gilt-metal Watch Chains.
Gold, Silver, and Pinchbeck Seals, and Watch Trinkets, al k
Knives and Forks of all kinds, with Caſes for knives and ſpoons, of Mahogany inlaid, Shagreen, Paper, &c.
Different kinds of Travelling Caſes, complete, with ſhaving Materials; as alſo for Writing, &c.
Leather, Mahogany, and Ebony Backgammon Tables, with Men and Dice.
Silver, Gilt, and Steel mounted Swords, Hangers, Dirks, &c.
A variety of Fowling Pieces and Piſtols.
Ditto of Muſquets, with Steel Rammers and Bayonets.
Blunderbuſſes, with the new invented Spring Bayonets.
A large aſſortment of Silver, Plated, and Gilt Shoe Buckles,
Ditto of Pinchbeck, and mourning ditto.
Ditto of Pocket books for Ladies and Gentlemen, with or without inſtruments.
Tortoiſe-ſhell Snuff boxes, Smelling-bottles, and Picktooth-caſes.
Ditto Etwee and Lancet-caſes.
A variety of Umbrellas, very cheap.
Ditto of Canes and Sticks of all kinds.
Neat riding Switches for Ladies & Gentlemen.
Sets of Caſters, in neat wood and japanned frames.

All kinds of SILVER PLATE and JEWELLERY WORK made and exchanged, on the moſt reaſonable terms.—They alſo continue to give the higheſt prices for light Gold, Old Silver, Lace, &c.

Commiſſions punctually anſwered.

At the Ruſſia Warehouſe, within the Exchange,
FINE DANTZIG HONEY, at 3 s. 6 d. per pint.

N. B. WANTED, Two ſtout Young Men. to be bound Apprentices to a ſhip in the Peterſburgh trade. They will have ſo much per year.

EXCISE OFFICE, EDINBURGH, 1ſt February 1782.

By order of the Hon. COMMISSIONERS OF EXCISE.

ON SATURDAY the 9th of February inſt. at twelve o'clock noon, there will be expoſed to SALE by public auction, in the Exciſe Warehouſe in LEITH, (purſuant to act of Parliament), The following Quantities of TEA, ſeized and condemned as forfeited,

1 Box, containing 27 lib. GREEN TEA, appraiſed at			9 s. per lib.
18 Boxes, containing 1075 lib. of BLACK TEA;			at 7 s. 6 d. per lib.
7 Ditto, containing 354 lib. of ditto;	—	—	at 7 s. per lib.
1 Ditto, containing 20 lib. of ditto;	—	—	at 6 s. 6 d. per lib.
2 Bag, containing 136 lib. of ditto;	—	—	at 6 s. per lib.
1 Ditto, containing 63 lib. of ditto;	—	—	at 5 s. per lib.
2 Ditto, containing 149 lib. of ditto;	—	—	at 3 s. 6 d. per lib.
5 Ditto, and 3 caſks, containing 508 lib. of ditto,			at 3 s. per lib.
1 Box, containing 13 lib. of ditto;	—	—	at 2 s. 6 d. per lib.

The goods, which will be put up in lots, and the conditions of ſale, to be ſeen at the Exciſe Warehouſe in Leith, on the day preceding, and the morning of the day of ſale.

To the Nobility and Gentry, &c.

Mr MARKS,

DENTIST AND OPERATOR FOR THE TEETH.

RESPECTFULLY acquaints the Public, That thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who may want him, will, he flatters himſelf, be convinced of his abilities, he having practiſed with great ſucceſs in moſt of the cities and towns of England;—he makes known, that he is poſſeſſed of an INFALLIBLE SECRET FOR CLEANING THE TEETH, which renders them as white as alabaſter, although before they were as black as jet. He alſo faſtens the Teeth, by virtue of a Liquid, which cauſes the gums to grow in due manner, though much decayed; and it likewiſe prevents the Teeth from rotting.

He in a ſhort time infallibly cures the Scurvy in the Gums, and removes the moſt offenſive breath occaſioned thereby.

He cures the Tooth-ach, without drawing the Tooth.

He humbly offers his aſſiſtance to thoſe that may require it; and deſires no payment, unleſs the cure proves to the patient's ſatisfaction.—He alſo puts in Artificial Teeth, which appear like natural ones.

Mr MARKS will wait on Ladies and Gentlemen, at their own houſes if required.

Mr MARKS can, with the ſtricteſt truth, aſſure the Public, that his Medicine is both of an innocent and ſalutary nature, and never fails in giving relief to thoſe that uſe it.

The way to uſe it is to put a tea ſpoonful in a cup, dip a fine rag therein, and rub your teeth therewith.

To prevent Counterfeits, every bottle is ſealed with his name.—Shopkeepers ſupplied at the uſual allowance.

Mr MARKS has removed from Gavinloch's Land, and may be ſpoke with at his lodgings, No. 11. weſt ſide St Andrew's Street, New Town.

Mr MARKS' Liquid for the Teeth, may alſo be had at Mr Smith's, perfumer, Bridge-Street.

ROUP OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

UPON Tueſday and Wedneſday next, the 12th and 13th of February, will be rouped at CAROLINE PARK, the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE which belonged to SIR ADOLPHUS OGHTON. Among many other articles are, Mounted Beds and Bedding; Window Curtains; Tables, Drawers; Sophas; three handſome mahogany Book-Caſes, with glaſs doors; a large quantity of Carpeting; a Garde Mange, or Meatholder, for ſtanding in a field; a mahogany Wine Cooler; a quantity of Kitchen Furniture; ſome Saddles, Bridles, and other Horſe Furniture. The roup to begin on Tueſday at ten o'clock forenoon, and to be cloſed on Wedneſday evening thereafter.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

A Large Commodious LODGING, fit for accommodating a large family, in Campbell's Cloſe, oppoſite to the foot of the Parliament-cloſe Stairs.

The cloſe newly and well paved.

The houſe conſiſts of nine fire rooms and kitchen, all well lighted, free from ſmoke and vermin.

On the firſt flat are dining-room, drawing-room, bed-chamber, and compting-room, with a large lobby, leading by a handſome ſtair-caſe to the ſecond flat, which conſiſts of four bed-chambers, with cloſets, and a larder. And in the upper ſtorey is a bed room, and two ſervants rooms.

In the cloſe are two cellars, one for coals, the other for liquors, fitted up with cat acombs.

A ſtable for two horſes.

The rent 25 l.

The proprietor, Mr Tytler, Fiſher's land, Lawn-market.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

THESE HOUSES in Innes's Land, oppoſite to the Weigh-Houſe, and immediately above the entry to Miln's court, as poſſeſſed by Mr Deas, Mrs Drummond, Miſs Lizzars, Mr Imrie, Mrs Garmory, and Findlay Clark, at the yearly rent of 33 l. 10 s. Sterling.——The ſmall SHOP in the ſame land, poſſeſſed by John Macpherſon, which, with a garret room, was formerly occupied by William Maheell at the rent of 2 l. Sterling.—— And alſo the great Garret above the ſaid houſes, fronting the ſtreet, and a large Vault to the weſt of Mila's court, both which are now empty.

The greateſt part of the price may remain in the purchaſers hands for a conſiderable time, on proper ſecurity.

The houſes may be ſeen at any time, and further particulars will be communicated by Kenneth Mackenzie writer in Edinburgh, who is empowered to conclude a private bargain.

N. B. If a ſale does not take place, ſome of the houſes will be let, to be entered into at Whitſunday next.

By ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 13th day of March next, between the hours of four and five afternoon,

The Town and Lands of NEWPORT, with the Harbour and Piers, Tolls and Cuſtoms thereof, lying in the pariſh of Forgan and ſhire of Fife, and along the ſouth ſide of the river Tay. The arable lands conſiſt of ſix acres, beſides a proportional part of the commonty lately divided. There is a convenient Dwelling-houſe on the lands, which has for many years been occupied as an Inn, and very well frequented, being at one of the public ferries from Fife to Dundee. There is a feu-duty of ten ſhillings Scots, and a teind-duty of 5 l. 7 s. 9 d. Scots, payable yearly out of the ſaid lands. They will be expoſed at the ſum of 340 l. Sterling.

The progreſs of writs and conditions of roup are to be ſeen in the hands of Alexander Duncan writer to the ſignet; and for further particulars apply to him, or to Alexander Farquharſon accomptant in Edinburgh, or to Andrew Pitcairne writer in Dundee.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, within the houſe of Michael Stevenſon vintner in Hawick, upon Thurſday the 14th day of March next, the following SUBJECTS, (lying in the pariſh of Hawick, and county of Roxburgh,) which belonged to William Irvine merchant in Hawick, and were diſponed by him to truſtees for his creditors, either together or in the following lots, as purchaſers ſhall incline.

LOT I. The Mill, Kiln, and Houſes at Weenſland, and Lands lying both eaſt and weſt from the mill, along the ſide of the water of Tiviot, betwixt it and the turnpike-road leading from Hawick to Spittal, with the four eaſtmoſt Parks of the lands of Weenſland, lying on the ſouth ſide of ſaid turnpike road. This lot meaſures about forty acres, and will be very ſuitable for one who intends to deal in corn, meal, or barley, being ſituated in the neighbourhood of a corn country, and within a mile of Hawick market.

LOT II. The Park lying in the weſt ſide of the four laſt-mentioned parks, betwixt them and lot third, meaſuring about ſeven acres.

LOT III. The Three Incloſures lying weſt from the former lot, betwixt it and the park belonging to Walter Irvine chapman in Hawick, meaſuring betwixt nine and ten acres.

LOT IV. The Four Incloſures lying betwixt the ſaid Walter Irvine's park and the park belonging to James Dickſon merchant in Hawick, meaſuring betwixt ſeven and eight acres.

LOT V. The Tenement of Houſes and Yard in Hawick, preſently poſſeſſed by the ſaid William Irvine, burdened with the liferent of Mrs Irvine on the firſt and ſecond ſtories of the fore houſe, after the death of the ſaid William Irvine, in caſe ſhe ſhall ſurvive him.

LOT VI. The Fifth Part of a Houſe and Yard in Hawick, preſently poſſeſſed by Miſs Grieve milliner, George Scott, and others.

LOT VII. One Seventh Share of the Seats in the iſle of Hawick Kirk.

William Irvine, or the tenant at Weenſland, will ſhow the ſubjects and the progreſs of writs. A map of the lands, and the conditions of roup, may be ſeen in the hands of Thomas Uſher writer in Hawick.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

And entered to at Whitſunday next.

THAT commodious DWELLING-HOUSE and GARDEN at Fonntainbridge, lately poſſeſſed by the deceaſed Mr David Spence, linen-manufacturer.

The Dwelling-houſe conſiſts of a dining-room, parlour, kitchen, four bed-rooms with a cloſet to each, three garret rooms with vents, a large back-kitchen, a good pantry, with two cellars, and a pump-well in the garden, under cover.

The garden conſiſts of near half an acre of ground, and is ſubject to a ſmall feu-duty.

Likewiſe to be SOLD or LET, and entered to at Whitſunday next, a WEAVING-SHOP, with 20 looms, and all neceſſary utenſils; two large Warehouſes, the one for white goods, the other for brown-linen and yarn, with proper fixtures, and every convenience for carrying on an extenſive trade in the making of fine linen.

Above the weaving-ſhop is a large Heckling-houſe for ten hecklers, a Sorting-room for the dreſſed flax, a Loft for holding tow, and three large Cellars that will contain 600 matts of flax, with a good aſſortment of heckles, from No. 1. to No. 7.

The above ſubjects will be ſold ſeparate or together, as purchaſers incline, the one being entirely diſtinct from the other. The premiſſes may be ſeen on Mondays, Wedneſdays, and Fridays, from eleven to two o'clock.

The title-deeds may be ſeen in the hands of Mr Lothian writer, at his houſe, Riddle's Cloſe, Lawn Market; and any perſon inclining to purchaſe may apply to Mr James Spence at the Bank of Scotland, or to Mr Walter Biggar at Sciennes.

*Extract of a letter from Captain Thomas Moore, of the Fame * privateer of Dublin, dated Algiers, Dec. 1. 1781.*

"In addition to my laſt, of the 17th ult. from Algiers, in which I informed you of my having captured the Eagle ſchooner, copper-bottomed, from Marſeilles, to St Domingo, commanded by Honear Tobear, I have now the pleaſure to inform you, that I failed from Algiers on the 18th, with the wind at W. N. W. and ſtanding on a bowling towards the Spaniſh ſhore, in order to gain what ground I could to enable me to embrace the firſt opportunity of an eaſterly wind, to run through the Streights. At twelve at night, the wind veering round to the northward, immediately tacked ſhip to the weſtward; and on the evening of the 19th, Cape de Falos bearing N. W. diſtance about 16 leagues, the men at the maſt-head diſcerned five ſail in that quarter ſtanding to the northward, to which I gave chace; but, night coming on, we loſt ſight of them. However, I ſhaped my courſe to fall in with, and ſpeak them, if poſſible, in the morning: and, according to my expectations, ſaw five ſail to leeward, four of which were large ſhips, diſtant about a league. At ſeven, perceived them to be armed ſhips. At eight, one of the largeſt hoiſted the bloody flag; immediately bore down on him, he being in company with the largeſt of the convoy and ſternmoſt ſhips. I being determined to riſk an engagement with them, thought it moſt eligible to engage the largeſt ſhips firſt, and, by making them ſtrike, might have [illegible] the reſt. I ſoon came up with the two largeſt, who kept within piſtol-ſhot of each other, and not ſhewing any colours but the bloody flag at the main-top-maſt-head, thought it better to ſhew no colours until I came within half piſtol ſhot, when I ſhewed my colours. They immediately ſhewed the French colours, and gave us three cheers, which we returned with a broadſide and a well-directed fire, and was returned with great ſpirit by the Activity, Captain Berard. His intention was to rake, if poſſible, in order to give the largeſt ſhip an opportunity of giving me a broadſide; but, perceiving his intentions, I filled my after ſails, raked him, and carried away his head and bow-ſprit. I, finding him diſabled, then ſheered up along-ſide of the largeſt ſhip, he keeping a conſtant fire on us, as did the other, tho' much diſabled, and getting on the largeſt ſhip's quarter-deck, raked him, as well as gave the Activity my larboard broadſide, one of which ſhot carried away the Activity's fore-top-maſt, which cauſed him to veer before the wind; then got cloſe on board the largeſt ſhip, when a large polacre ſhip of 18 guns got under my ſtern, and kept raking me for ſome time; after five glaſſes the largeſt ſhip ſtruck, being much diſabled, and having eight men killed and fourteen wounded; the polacre, which kept under my ſtern, ſeeing this, very wiſely made all the ſail he could. The Fame having received four nine-pound ſhot betwixt wind and water early in the action, made it for ſome time a difficult matter to keep the ſhip free. I ſent my third Lieutenant on board the largeſt ſhip, and having a nine-pound ſhot through my foremaſt, another through my bowſprit, my fore-top-maſt wounded, my ſtanding and running rigging totally diſabled, prevented me for ſome time giving chace to the reſt; and after getting them in ſome meaſure repaired, bore down on the diſabled ſhip who had not ſtruck his colours; but be ſeeing, with great reaſon, that it was in vain to diſpute the matter, having five men killed and eleven wounded, ſtruck his colours. I then ſent my maſter and eight men on board of him, and chaſed the reſt, who were ſtill in ſight, but at a great diſtance; my diſabled condition prevented me from making ſail as faſt as I could wiſh to have done; and the day being far ſpent, I thought it moſt prudent to tack ſhip, and take care of the two I had already captured; and, after taking the priſoners on board the Fame, I took the moſt diſabled ſhip in tow, and proceeded for this port, where I arrived the 23d of laſt month, in company with the prizes; but I am ſorry to inform you, that the Fame is much diſabled in hull, rigging, and ſails, and which was the only reaſon that prevented me from taking the reſt. I had only one man killed and eight ſlightly wounded. I cannot in juſtice do leſs than to mention how bravely the French Captains defended their ſhips. The largeſt ſhip is an exceeding fine veſſel, burden 600 tons, mounting 18 nine-pounders, 12 ſwivels, commanded by Jean F. Fongon, from Marſeilles, bound to St Domingo, and is named the Marianne Olimpe; the other a very fine Engliſh-built ſhip, called the Activity, mounting 18 guns, 12 of which are nine-pounders, and 6 ſix-pounders, 8 ſwivels, commanded by Claude Berard, bound from ditto to Martinico. I am uſing every poſſible expedition in my power to repair the Fame's damage.

"THO. MOORE."

* The Fame has 22 ſix-pounders, and 120 men.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *Feb.* 2.

Extract of a letter from Sir Henry Clinton to the Right Honourable Lord George Germaine, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, dated New-York, December 11, 1781.

I HAVE the honour to inclose the copy of a letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Stewart to Earl Cornwallis, with its inclosures, dated September the 9th, the day after the action at Eutaw Springs.

Extract of a letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Stewart to Earl Cornwallis, dated Eutaw, Sept. 9, 1781.

MY LORD,

WITH particular satisfaction, I have the honour to inform your Lordship, that on the 8th instant, I was attacked by the rebel General Greene, with all the force he could collect in this province and North Carolina; and, after an obstinate engagement which lasted near two hours, I totally defeated him and took 2 six-pounders.

Soon after I had the honour of writing your Lordship from Thomson's, I received information of Green's having moved with the rebel army towards Camden, and crossed the Wateree near that place; and, from the best intelligence I could collect, was on his march to Friday's Ferry on the Congarees.

The army under my command being much in want of necessaries, and there being, at the same time, a convoy with provisions on the march from Charlestown, which would have necessarily obliged me to make a detachment of at least 400 men (which at that time I could ill afford, the army being much weakened by sickness) to meet the convoy at Martin's, 56 miles from my camp; the distance being so great, a smaller escort was liable to fall by the enemy's cavalry, which are very numerous.

I therefore thought it adviseable to retire by slow marches to the Eutaws, where I might have an opportunity of receiving my supplies, and disencumber myself of the sick, without risking my escorts, or suffer myself to be attacked at a disadvantage, should the enemy have crossed the Congaree.

Notwithstanding every exertion being made to gain intelligence of the enemy's situation, they rendered it impossible, by way-laying the by-paths and passes through the different swamps; and even detained different flags of truce which I had sent on public business on both sides.

About six o'clock in the morning I received intelligence by two deserters, who left General Greene's camp the preceding evening, about 7 miles from this place; and, from their report, the rebel army consisted of near 4000 men, with a numerous body of cavalry, and 4 pieces of cannon.

In the mean time I received information by Mrjor Coffin, whom I had previously detached with 140 infantry and 50 cavalry, in order to gain intelligence of the enemy, that they appeared in force in his front, then about four miles from my camp.

Finding the enemy in force so near me, I determined to fight them, as from their numerous cavalry, a retreat seemed to me to be attended with dangerous consequences; I immediately formed the line of battle, with the right of the army to the Eutaw branch, and its left crossing the road leading to Roache's plantation, leaving a corps on a commanding situation to cover the Charlestown road, and to act occasionally as a reserve.

About nine o'clock the action began on the right, and soon after became general.

Knowing that the enemy were much superior in numbers, with their militia in front, induced me not to alter my position, unless I saw a certain advantage to be gained by it: For by moving forwards, I exposed both flanks of the army to the enemy's cavalry, which I saw ready formed to take that advantage, particularly on the left, which obliged me to move the reserve to support it.

By some unknown mistake, the left of the line advanced, and drove their militia and North Carolinians before them; but unexpectedly finding the Virginian and Maryland lines ready formed, and at the same time receiving a heavy fire, occasioned some confusion. It was therefore necessary to retire a little distance, to an open field, in order to form, which was instantly done, under cover of a heavy and well directed fire, from a detachment of New-York Volunteers, under the command of Major Sheridan, whom I had previously ordered to take post in the house, to check the enemy should they attempt to pass it.

The action was renewed, with great spirit; but I was sorry to find that a three pounder, posted on the road leading to Roache's, had been disabled, and could not be brought off when the left of the line retired.

The right wing of the army being composed of the flank battalion, under the command of Major Marjoribanks, having repulsed and drove every thing that attacked them, made a rapid move to their left, and attacked the enemy in flank; upon which they gave way in all quarters, leaving behind them 2 brass six-pounders, and upwards of 200 killed on the field of action, and 60 taken prisoners, amongst which is Colonel Washington; and, from every information, about 800 wounded, although they contrived to carry them off during the action. The enemy retired with great precipitation to a strong situation, about seven miles from the field of action, leaving their cavalry to cover their retreat. The glory of the day would have been more compleat, had not the want of cavalry prevented me from taking the advantage which the gallantry of my infantry threw in my way.

I omitted to inform your Lordship, in its proper place, of the army's having for some time been much in want of bread, there being no old corn or mills near me. I was therefore under the necessity of sending out routing parties from each corps under an officer, to collect potatoes every morning at day-break; and unfortunately that of the flank battalion and buffs, having gone too far in front, fell into the enemy's hands before the action began, which not only weakened my line, but increased their number of prisoners.

Since the action our time has been employed in taking care of the sick and wounded; and finding that the enemy have no intention to make a second attack, I have determined to cover the wounded as far as Monk's corner with the army.

My particular thanks are due to Lieutenant Colonel Cruger, who commanded the front line, for his conduct and gallantry during the action; and to Lieutenant Colonel Allen, Majors Dawson, Stewart, Sheridan, and Coffin, and to Captains Kelly and Campbell, commanding the different corps and detachments; and every other officer and soldier fulfilled the separate duties of their stations with great gallantry: But to Major Marjoribanks, and the flank battalion under his command, I think the honour of the day is greatly due. My warmest praise is due to Captain Barry, deputy-Adjutant-General, Major Brigade Coxon, Lieutenanat Ranken, assistant Quarter-Master-General, and to acting Major of Brigade Roorbach, for the great assistance they rendered me during the day.

I hope, my Lord, when it is considered such a handful of men, attacked by the united force of Generals Greene, Sumpter, Marrion, Sumner, and Pickens, and the Legions of Colonels Lee and Washington, driving them from the field of battle, and taking the only 2 six-pounders they had, deserve some merit.

Inclosed is the returns of the killed, wounded, and missing, of his Majesty's troops.

From the number of corps and detachments which appears to have been engaged, it may be supposed our force great; but your Lordship will please to observe, that the army was much reduced by sickness, and otherwise. I hope your Lordship will excuse any inaccuracy that may be in this letter, as I have been a good deal indisposed by a wound which I received in my left elbow, which, though slight, from its situation is troublesome. It will give me most singular pleasure if my conduct meets with the approbation of his Majesty, that of your Lordship, and my country.

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the army commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Stewart, in the action at Eutaws, Sept. 8. 1781.

Cavalry. 2 Rank and File killed; 1 Commissioned Officer, 1 Serjeant, 8 Rank and File, wounded; 18 Rank and File, missing.

Flank Battalion. 1 Commissioned Officer, 12 rank and file, killed; 2 Commissioned Officers, 5 serjeants, 2 drummers, 81 rank and file, wounded; 3 drummers missing.

The Buffs. 1 Commissioned Officer, 1 serjeant, 1 drummer, 27 rank and file, killed; 1 Commissioned Officer, 3 serjeants, 74 rank and file wounded; 1 Commissioned Officer, 2 serjeants, 1 drummer, 70 rank and file missing.

63d Regiment. 2 Serjeants, 6 rank and file, killed; 3 Commissioned Officers, 1 Serjeant, 33 rank and file, wounded; 2 Commissioned Officers, 20 rank and file missing.

64th Regiment. 2 Serjeants, 10 rank and file, killed; 2 Commissioned Officers, 3 serjeants, 47 rank and file wounded; 2 Commissioned Officers, 7 serjeants, 47 rank and file missing.

Detachment of the 84th Regiment. 6 Rank and file killed; 1 Commissioned Officer, 22 rank and file, wounded; 2 rank and file missing.

New York Infantry. 3 Rank and file wounded; 3 drummers, 4 rank and file missing.

New Jersey Volunteers. 2 Rank and file killed; 2 Commissioned Officers, 3 serjeants, 21 rank and file, wounded; 3 rank and file, missing.

1st Battalion of Delancy's. 1 Serjeant, 4 rank and file killed; 1 serjeant, 8 rank and file wounded; 1 Commissioned Officer, 5 serjeants, 1 drummer, 28 rank and file, missing.

Provincial Light Infantry. 3 Rank and file killed; 4 Commissioned Officers, 3 serjeants, 12 rank and file wounded; 4 Commissioned Officers, 1 serjeant, 21 rank and file missing.

Artillery with Additionals. 3 Rank and file killed; 4 ditto wounded; 11 ditto missing.

Total. 2 Commissioned Officers, 6 serjeants, 1 drummer, 75 rank and file, killed; 16 commissioned officers, 20 serjeants, 2 drummers, 315 rank and file, wounded; 10 commissioned officers, 15 serjeants, 8 drummers, 224 rank and file, missing.

Names of officers killed, wounded, and missing.

Cavalry. Cornet Vanhorne wounded.

Flank Battalion. Lieut. Huckman, 19th regiment light infantry, killed; Lieut. Lord Edward Fitzgerald, 19th regiment ditto; Lieut. Ankettle, 30th regiment ditto, wounded.

The Buffs. Lieut. Bukwith killed; Hon. Major Leslie wounded; Lieut. Douglas Hamilton missing and prisoner.

63d Regiment. Lieut. Campbell and Lloyd, and Ensign Murray, wounded; Capt. St Leger missing, wounded and prisoner; Lieut. Beacroft missing and prisoner.

64th Regiment. Lieutenants Graham and Coswell wounded; Ensign Eaton missing, wounded and prisoner, since dead; Capt. Strong missing and prisoner.

84th Regiment. Captain Robert Campbell wounded.

New Jersey Volunteers. Capt. Barbarie, and Lieut. Troup, wounded; Lieut. Troup since dead.

1st Battalion Delancey's. Lieut. Cunningham missing and prisoner.

Provincial Light Infantry. Capt. Shaw wounded, since dead; Captain Buskirk, Lieut. Cox, and Ensign Montgomery wounded; Lieut. Evans, Ensigns Reed and Blaaw, Adjutant Murray, missing and prisoners.

Staff. Capt. Barry missing, wounded and prisoner, Deputy Adjutant-General.

(Signed) M. COXON, *Major of Brigade.*

War-Office, February 2, 1782.

3d Regiment of Foot Guards, George Mathew, Gent. is appointed to be Ensign, vice George Bateson.

4th Regiment of foot, Ensign John Coape Sherbrooke, to be Lieutenant in one of the additional companies, vice Smithson Waller.

12th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant William Gyde Adey, of Captain Stanley's independent company, to be Lieutenant, vice Frederick Drought Odlum.

13th Regiment of foot, Ensign William Rogerson to be Lieutenant, vice Peter Webster.

43d Regiment of foot, Stewart Abernethie, Gent. to be Ensign in one of the additional Companies, vice William Earl.

59th Regiment of foot, Captain Charles Lade, of 96th foot, to be Captain of a Company, vice George Herbert.

96th Regiment of Foot, Captain George Herbert, of 59th foot, to be Captain of a Company, vice Charles Lade.

97th Regiment of Foot, Ensign William Blundell to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Richardson. Alexander Campbell, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Blundell.

Lieutenant Dugald Campbell, of 59th foot, to be Captain of an Independent Company of foot.

Lieutenant Francis Carleton, of 2d foot, to be Captain of an Independent Company of Foot.

Lieutenant Frederick Drought Odlum, of 12th foot, to be Lieutenant in Captain James Stanley's Independent Company of Foot, vice William Gyde Adey.

Ensign James Magarth to be Lieutenant in Captain Christopher Aldworth's Independent Company of foot.

Ensign David Gumley to be Lieutenant to Captain Edward Vernon Warde's Independent Company of foot.

Surgeon John Stewart to be Purveyor of the Hospitals in the Leeward Islands.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, *Feb.* 1.

The Samuel, late Troup master, from St Lucia, foundered the 21st of December in a hard gale of wind; the crew were saved by the Olive Branch, bound to Liverpool, which is arrived at Barmouth.

The Johan, Schultz, from London for Stettin, foundered in the North Seas, the people saved.

Liverpool, 27. The Dick, late Campbell, from St Lucia for this port, arrived at Cork the 18th ult. she parted with the fleet in bad weather, fell in with the crew of the Swan transport, belonging to Sunderland, in a long-boat, and took them up. She also fell in with the British Queen, Galloway, from New York, in distress, with eight feet water in her hold, and took the crew on board; soon after which she sunk.

The Isabella Magdalena, Holst, from Ostend to Genoa and Leghorn; ship and cargo is condemned, but an appeal is lodged, and it is expected the whole will be released.

The Quebec and Grana frigates arrived all well the 28th of December, off Charlestown bar; they took on their passage two prizes, one French, the other Spanish.

The St Anna N. S. Bom Successo, De Souza, from Lisbon to London, is stranded near Chichester, the cargo expected to be saved.

The Two Brothers, a cartel, with prisoners for France, in going out of Plymouth harbour, got on shore, and it is feared will be lost.

The Friendship, Austin, from New York, was lost in Carmarthen-bay the 23d of January in a violent gale of wind, the Captain and crew were with difficulty saved. Some small part of her materials will be saved.

The Triton, Kilman, from Plymouth to Ostend, is on shore off the harbour; great part of her cargo is expected to be saved.

The Jenny, Dingley, from London to Plymouth, was lost the 3d of December on the coast of Cornwall, the crew saved.

The Splitwikers, Ranton, from Plymouth to Ostend, was lost the 23d inst. near Ostend; the Captain and four of the people drowned.

Elsinore, Jan. 8. We have advice from Bergen in Norway, that a privateer belonging to Dunkirk, commanded by Captain Castagnet, was arrived there the 18th December; she had sent into Eggerfund a sloop with wool, &c. which she took lying at anchor in the neighbourhood of Aberdeen; she was bound to London, but they do not mention the force of the privateer.

The Gordon, Hall, for Antigua, was run foul of by a Jamaica-man, and drove on shore near Sandown Castle, and it is feared will be lost.

The Peggy, Williamson, for the West Indies, drove on board a vessel in the Downs, and was obliged to cut away an anchor and cable.

The Rotterdam, Duc de Chartres, and Astrea frigates, with their convoy from Portsmouth, are arrived at Charlestown.

The Jamaica, M'Lean, from New York, overset at Charlestown.

Portsmouth, 31. Sailed on a cruize, the Arethusa La Prudente, Monsieur, and Recovery men of war. Duke man of war and Valiant ditto, for the West Indies. Medway man of war, with several vessels for Plymouth.

N. B. The Downs fleet are in sight, and most of them will be up this afternoon. The outward-bound fleets are expected to sail in a day or two.

Arrived at China from London, the Lord Mansfield, Pigot, Glaston, Lord Holland, and Vansittart East-Indiamen.

From the London Papers, Feb. 2.

Mahon, Dec. 23. On the 19th instant the enemy made a sally, about eleven o'clock at night, against our advanced posts, but were repulsed, after keeping up a brisk fire for half an hour.

On the 20th, the General, accompanied by the Marquis de Crillon his son, reconnoitred the ground between the batteries and the first parallel, in order to form some redoubts to defend the batteries, in case of an attack from the enemy. The latter fired very briskly this day, but did us no harm.

On the 23d an Hanoverian came into our camp, and declared, that the last sally was made by 150 Corsicans, three of whom were wounded. Our works go on to the satisfaction of the General, notwithstanding the fire of the enemy. Another deserter came in that day. A large convoy from Barcelona is arrived in our ports, escorted by several armed vessels, with every necessary for our army.

Cadiz, Dec. 23. Our fleet has received orders to take two months provisions more on board, and to be ready for sailing. We imagine it is preparing to meet Admiral Rodney, in case he should have orders to succour Gibraltar or Minorca.

Petersburgh, Dec. 28. In consequence of the resolution of the Empress our august Sovereign, respecting the augmentation of her marine, orders have been issued for building 12 ships of the line at Cherson, and eight others, three-deckers, here: By this arrangement our marine will amount to 42 ships of the line for the Baltick, and 12 of the line for the Black Sea, exclusive of frigates, galleys, bomb-vessels, and other armed ships.

Hamburgh, Jan. 11. They write from Copenhagen, that the Court have claimed the effects belonging to some Danish subjects, which were seized by the English at St Eustatia, and the Court of London is disposed to comply therewith. In consequence of which all those Danish subjects who have sustained any losses either by the capture of St Eustatia, or by the seizure of the convoy escorted by Rear-Admiral Krul, have been directed to apply either to the College of Commerce at Copenhagen, or to the Danish Consul at London, with justificative proofs of their property, and they may rely on the restitution of their effects and merchandises.

Paris, Jan. 21. All the ships at Brest will be able to put to sea again, except the Bretagne, and two or three others, therefore M. de Guichen will be able to sail towards the end of the month, with 14 or 15 ships. He will go on board the Terrible. The Minister has wrote to him in the King's name, in the most flattering and consolatory terms. He tells him that his Majesty, in ordering him to keep the command of the fleet, is willing to procure him the means of a more favourable opportunity.

The Marquis de la Fayette, and Viscount de Noaille, arrived here yesterday afternoon, and every thing was quiet in America when they left it.

LONDON.

Just as this paper was going to press, advices were received at the Admiralty, with an account that the Jason frigate of 32 guns, Captain Pigot, had arrived at Plymouth, with the interesting information, that they had left Commodore Johnston with his whole fleet, all well, four days ago, off the Lizard, and that they were every hour to be expected in that harbour. The Commodore, according to these accounts, brings four prizes with him, and also seven East Indiamen, which he has conveyed during the greater part of their passage. *Eng. Chron.*

Yesterday the letters from Charlestown were delivered out, to the great joy of many families, who have not heard from thence these six months before.

Colonel Fanning, who brought home General Leslie's dispatches from Charlestown, commands a loyal American regiment, and is very active officer, having been of great service to Lord Cornwallis in his march through the Carolinas.

General Arnold's reception at Court was exceedingly flattering, and he received several distinguishing marks of favour from the Queen in particular.

The whole plans for the subjugation of America, we hear, are, in future, to be under the direction of Mr Arnold, so much has he ingratiated himself in the good opinion of Ministers.

It was this day currently reported, at the west end of the town, that the French fleet were seen off Brest, under the command of Monsieur de la Motte Piquet, and that they consisted of 12 sail of the line, and four frigates. Also that the Spanish fleet is still out, consisting of 40 sail. In consequence of the above report, expresses are gone down to Portsmouth and Plymouth to stop the sailing of the East and West-India fleets.

The report of the Island of Ceylon, in the East-Indies, being taken by the English Admiral, which was current yesterday in the city, cannot be true; at least, it cannot be true that we have such intelligence from India, as it is not known at the India house.

Baron Van Shawpelt, lately arrived from Quebec, has made a proposition to the King to raise 30,000 men in Germany, which, we hear, has been accepted by his Majesty.

Yesterday some letters were received from General Elliot, Governor of Gibraltar, which came by way of Lisbon; they mention that the Governor and garrison were in high spirits, and plentifully supplied with fresh provisions.

The Dutch trade may be said, comparatively speaking, to be at a stand; for we find by official documents, (the Custom-house books) that the ships which entered the Texel, in 1781, were fewer in number by *eleven hundred and forty-nine*, than those which entered there in 1780; and at Vlie there was a falling off in the same year of *one hundred and seventy* sail.

Much has been said of the probability of an approaching peace with Holland; but with very little foundation; for though the Prince of Orange, who has on his side almost all the nobility, is very desirous to see peace restored between two nations so anciently allied, there are circumstances in the present posture of affairs, which will certainly render ineffectual that Prince's endeavours to make peace.

The loss of the French by the storms, which drove back their fleet to Brest, must have been immense: The number of transports that sailed with the fleet was 117, the number that returned with it only 29; what was become of all the rest, was not known at Paris the 6th of January: We had taken many of them, but still there are a great many missing; but the greatest loss of all is, the loss of the opportunity which the French would certainly have had, if their fleet had got safe to the West Indies, of taking all our Leeward Islands. Thanks to Providence, their disaster is our salvation.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Jan. 14.

"We hear from Flushing, that the Flesshaguors privateer is just returned to that port, from a very successful cruize in St George's Channel. Besides four ransomers, she has brought in with her Mr James Smith, and Mr Duncan Ross, (a relation to Admiral Sir John Lockhart Ross) both Linutenants in the British navy, and a number of seamen belonging to the English frigate La Prudente, who were taken on board L'Amitie Royale, Grand Maison Martin commander, one of the transports taken by Admiral Kempenfelt's squadron from Count de Guichen's fleet. The Amitie Royale was pierced for 22 guns, but carried only 8 nine-pounders, and was laden with an immense quantity of valuable goods, besides warlike stores; the whole valued at 25,000 l. sterling: She was originally bound for the coast of Coromandel. The Flessinguors met her in the Bristol Channel, attacked and took her, after she had been six days in the possession of the English; together with the brig Industry, Captain Reynolds, which the prize has under her convoy. Captain Le Turcq, of the Flessinguors, was prevented by bad weather from taking possession of another English merchantman that had struck to him."

Yesterday the House of Commons proceeded to ballot for a Committee for Kirkcudbright, and is as followeth, viz.

Sir Watkin William Wynn,	John Dawes, Esq;
Lord John Cavendish,	Thomas Berney Bramston, Esq;
John Ord,	Noel Hill, Esq;
Henry Banks,	John Francis Fownes Luttrel, Esq;
Bamber Gascoyne, jun.	John Tanpert, Esq;
Thomas Whitmore, Esq;	Right Hon. Thomas Townsend.
Sir Walter Rawlinson,	

NOMINEES:

Archibald Macdonald, Esq;	John Sinclair, Esq;

Yesterday, Sir Harboard Harboard made the following report from the Commissioners appointed to try the merits of the Cricklade petition.

1st, That Paul Benfield, Esq; is duly elected.

2dly, That John Macpherson, Esq; is not duly elected.

3dly, That Samuel Petrie, Esq; the petitioner, is not duly elected.

4thly, That the said election, in respect to one of the burgesses, is void.

Sir Harboard likewise acquainted the House, that the Committee had come to two other resolutions, viz.

1st, "That it is the opinion of this Committee, that the most notorious bribery and corruption was used at the last election of burgesses to serve in Parliament for the borough of Cricklade.

2dly, "That it is the opinion of this Committee, that the said corruption requires the most serious consideration of Parliament."

It was then moved that the two last resolutions be taken into consideration on Monday se'ennight, and that no writ do issue in the mean time; which, upon the question put, was ordered accordingly.

It was likewise moved, that the minutes and evidence, taken at the said Committee, be laid before the House; the same was ordered.

Yesterday, Lord Mahon made the following motions in the House of Commons, viz.

"That a Committee be appointed to enquire into the divers expences incident to and attending the coinage of gold alloyed with tin, and to report the total of the expence to the House."

His Lordship, and several other honourable gentlemen, were then appointed as a Committee, to meet in the Speaker's Chamber, with liberty to call for persons, books, and records, and to adjourn from place to place, and sit notwithstanding the adjournment of the House.

His Lordship afterwards moved, "That an humble address be presented to his Majesty, humbly to beseech his Majesty, that orders be given to his Majesty's officers in the Tower of London, to make such experiments as the Committee shall deem necessary for ascertaining the most perfect manner of manufacturing the coin of this kingdom."

Yesterday a petition was presented from the British Museum, praying that Honourable House to grant them further support in carrying on the execution of the trust reposed in them by Parliament.

Lord North rose up in his place, and signified his Majesty's consent to the petition.

It was then moved, "That there be laid before this House an account of the money granted by Parliament for the use of the British Museum, with the expenditure thereof."

The following motion was yesterday made in the House of Commons:

"That there be laid before this House copies or extracts of the instructions given to Vice-Admiral Darby, upon his sailing in the month of September 1781; as also any instruction sent to him during his cruize."

Yesterday, the order of the day was read in the House of Commons for the attendance of Mr Jolliffe and Sir Watkin William Wynn, in their places, who, attending, answered to their names, and thereby obeyed the order of the House.

We were yesterday told, from good authority, that the Rt. Honourable Lord George Germain will, in a few days, be called to the House of Peers by the title of *Baron Drayton*, of the county of Northampton.

We are assured that the only resource on which the supplies in the ensuing budget are to be raised, is the abolition of all corporations, and annexing their estates to the sinking fund. This is a scheme of Lord Loughborough's, and accepted by Lord North, provided it was made, not a common measure of finance for which he only would be responsible, but a Cabinet one. It has met the approbation of the Cabinet. Very particular enquiries have been made into the estates possessed by corporations, and it has been found, that, exclusive of London, the land rents gathered by these bodies, and expended by them, amount as under:

15 that have 4,000 l. a-year,	—	*L.* 60,000
43 that have an average of 3,000 l. a-year,		129,000
16 that have 2,000 l.	—	32,000
32 that have 1,500 l.	—	48,000
130 that have 1,000 l.	—	130,000
80 that have 500 l.	—	40,000
70 under 500 l.	—	28,900
		L. 467,000
Tolls in their possession,	—	87,000
Port duties,	—	150,000
Other revenues,	—	75,000
		L. 779,000

Which sum will pay the interest of one entire year's loan.

The Chancellor, it is said, was the only person who opposed the plan of abolishing corporations, but was over-ruled.—It was very strongly urged that this tax, so far from being a burthen to the people, would ease them of one of the heaviest and most pernicious burthens they bear; as it is well known that corporations, besides the branches of revenue above cited, take very oppressive fees from freemen—institute monopolies against the fair trader, who lives even in the same town with them—and have, upon innumerable occasions, been proved to be a dead weight on national industry. They spend their money in feasts and drinking;—and that they are of no use whatever, is proved by the amazing wealth, industry, and prosperity of Sheffield, Birmingham, Manchester, and other places that are governed by no higher officer than a constable. It is conceived that the scheme will be a favourite one with all ranks of men who know what useless drones in the common-wealth Mayors and Aldermen are in their corporate capacity.

EDINBURGH.

[The London Post did not arrive this night till near six o'clock.]

Extract of a letter from London, Feb. 2.

"General Washington having lately received some orders from Congress, relative to the disposition of his troops, which he did not think fit to comply with, excused himself from obedience as being a Mareschal of France; and, it seems, that Congress were obliged to be contented with his answer.

"General Arnold, before he quitted the American Continent, left a letter in the hands of a friend, explaining the reasons of his conduct on this occasion, which letter was not to be opened till a certain time after his departure.

"Notwithstanding the account given by the rebel Americans of the total defeat and dispersion of the British army on the northern frontiers, it appears, by recent letters from Boston, that army still exists, and hovers round them, and the frontiers are kept in a continual alarm."

On Monday the 4th of February, was married, at Perth, Adam Cunningham, Esq; of Bonnington, to Miss Moncrieffe, daughter to Sir William Moncrieffe of that Ilk, Baronet.

On Friday the 1st instant, died, at her house in Queen Street, London, Dame Jane Sinclair, relict of Sir Charles Gilmour of Craigmillar, Baronet.

Died on the first current, at Easter Hartside, in the parish of Spott, William Whyte, aged 102 years. He was very active and remarkable healthy. When 100 years old, he went down from Easter Hartside commonly once, sometimes twice a-week, to Dunbar, five miles, the roads frequently bad, carrying a considerable burden on his head; and having done his business, and taken a hard biscuit moistened in a pot of beer, went home the same night. When 101, if the season and roads were tolerable, he went down to Spott kirk every Sabbath, and went home at night. He retained his health, had a good appetite, and but few complaints, till near his departure; but was for some time almost blind and deaf.

This morning, the first division of the 25th regiment of foot set out from the Castle on their march to Coventry. The second division, we are informed, will march on Friday, and the last on Saturday.

The Cleopatra and Myrmidon frigates, part of the fleet destined for the protection of this coast, arrived this day in Leith Roads.

Yesterday, the Jury on the trial of Thomas Gordon, mentioned in our last, returned their verdict, all in one voice finding the pannel guilty of the several crimes with which he stood charged. After which the Lords shortly delivered their opinions on the import of the verdict, which went in substance to shew, that if the pannel had only been convicted of stealing the two sheep, a capital punishment could not have been inflicted; but, when connected with the aggravating circumstances of stabbing Mr Logan, and being habit and repute a thief, that this must be the effect of the verdict. Sentence of death was accordingly pronounced against the pannel, ordaining him to be executed in the Grassmarket of Edinburgh on Wednesday the 13th of March next. This awful award was received by the unhappy prisoner with seeming composure. He did not deny guilt, but said the trial proceeded from the effects of spite and malice, and begged his body might be given to his wife. He appears to be upwards of sixty years of age.

Mr Alexander Cook, commander of the Experiment cutter, in the service of the Customs, at Portsoy, has seized and brought into Aberdeen, the Friendship of Kintyre, John Brown master, with a cargo of tea and spirits, worth about 3000 l. Sterling.

We hear, that there is to be a capital Concert performed in Mr Dunn's New Assembly Room, for the benefit of Mr PUPPO and Mr MACGLASHAN. Mr PUPPO, who is perhaps the most celebrated Performer on the violin that ever was in this metropolis, had unfortunately fixed on a night for his late benefit in the Concert Hall, when there were several other entertainments, to which must be attributed the failure of his success on that occasion; as, on all former occasions, he had been favoured with the liberal patronage and support of the Public.

Extract of a letter from Cork, January 23.

"A letter was received this day from Barbadoes, dated the 14th of December, which says, that De Grasse was at Martinico with 31 ships of the line, and several thousand soldiers, which caused a general apprehension for some of the leeward islands; Admiral Hood having only 18 sail of the line at Barbadoes, and one disabled ship at St Lucia. A brig with provisions from this port, was taken in sight of the fleet at Carlisle bay, Barbadoes."

George's Square SUBSCRIPTION ASSEMBLY will be held on Wednesday next, instead of Tuesday, to prevent its interfering with the Fasten's Even Assembly.

N. B. Tickets granted for Tuesday will be admitted.

LEITH SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

Feb. 4. Falkirk, Sommervell, from Newcastle, with goods; Exchange, Bloom, from Wells, with barley, &c. Thomas and Ann, Ellis, from Burnham, with ditto; Bettty and Peggy, Robertson, from Berwick, with oats and wheat; Constant Ann, Wilson, from Boston, with barley and wheat; Charming Peggy, Lawson, from Dunbar, with malt; Milbank, Richie, from Wisbeach, with wheat; Jean, Barr, from Alemouth, with ditto; Mercury, Barr, from Berwick, with barley; General, Middleton, from Lynn, with barley and wheat; Friendship, Nicolson, from Bergen, with tar; William, Thomson, from Alemouth, with oats; Lark, Ayrsom, from Stockton, with wheat and oats; Robert and James, Simpson, from Eymouth, barley.

5. Industry, Miller, from Ely, with wheat and barley; Samuel, Bradley, from Lynn, with barley; Venus, Atmore, from ditto, with ditto; Hailes Castle, Trotter, from ditto, with wheat; Free Englishman, Quintin, from Yarmouth, with barley; Peggy, Ponsberry, from Hull, with goods.

6. Union, Hamond, from Wells, with barley and flour; Nancy, Thomson, from Lynn, with barley; Phœnix, Ledger, from ditto, with ditto; Allan, Wood, from Dunbar, with meal and barley.

CLEANING OF LINTSEED.

TRUSTEES OFFICE, EDIN. FEB. 2. 1782.

THE Commissioners and Trustees for Fisheries, Manufactures, and Improvements in Scotland, do hereby give notice to all importers or dealers in Lintseed, That the Seed must be well cleaned of every noxious weed, before exposed to sale, as the Board understands, that many persons have been in the practice of selling Lintseed in former years, without attending to the hurtful consequences of not cleaning it.

All Dealers are therefore desired to observe, That Lintseed, whether *Riga, Dutch, or Scotch*, not properly cleaned, is *liable by the Law to Seizure*; and the officers employed by the Trustees have particular instructions to correct abuses in this matter.

By Order of the Board,

ROB. ARBUTHNOT, Sec.

PREMIUMS on LINTSEED SAVED FOR SOWING.

TRUSTEES-OFFICE, EDINBURGH, *Feb.* 6. 1782.

THE Commissioners and Trustees for Fisheries, Manufactures, and Improvements in Scotland, do hereby give notice, That though, by their advertisement of the 21st of March 1781, the Competitors for the Flax Premiums, who save Lintseed for sowing, were allowed until the 10th March 1782 for making intimations of their quantities, yet the Board finds it necessary to request these competitors to lodge their intimations on or before the 25th of this month, that the Board's officers may have full opportunity of examining the quality of the Lintseed.

By order of the Board.

ROB. ARBUTHNOT, Secretary.

BLACK-SMITH WORK.

GEORGE KEOCH, Blacksmith at Broughton-loan, in the immediate vicinity of the New Town of Edinburgh, presents his most respectful acknowledgements to those who have favoured him with their employment; and begs leave to adopt this method of acquainting them, and the public in general, That, besides *Shoeing of Horses*, making rails for fences, chains, wall-nails, smoaking-pots for hot-houses, *all on the very lowest terms*, he likewise carries on business in the Black-smith department, in its different branches, to a considerable extent,

As his own interest, and a sense of gratitude to his employers, will always influence G. R. to exert his abilities and attention still to merit that encouragement and approbation of the Public, which he has hitherto been successful in acquiring; so all those who may please to favour him with their work, may depend on having it done on the most reasonable terms, and, he flatters himself, much to their satisfaction.

Chester, Jan. 1782.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

MR BAPTISTE respectfully acquaints his Friends and the Public, That his School opens on the 22d instant, where Young Ladies are boarded and instructed in every useful and polite branch of education, on moderate terms, under the care of Mrs Baptiste, and proper Assistants.

The maternal attention and tenderness of Mrs Baptiste, and the abilities of Mr Baptiste as a Dancing-master, have rendered their School inferior to none; and they, with pleasure, embrace this opportunity of returning their unfeigned thanks for the singular encouragement they have met with, and to assure their friends, that to merit a continuance of their favours shall be their constant study.

N. B. The Teachers speak French, and a French Master of acknowledged abilities attends those Ladies desirous of learning that language.

Notice to Creditors.

THE Trustees for the Creditors of the deceased ARCHIBALD CRICHTON stabler in Edinburgh, request his whole Creditors to meet by themselves or their agents, within the house of John Cameron, vintner in the Grass Market, upon Wednesday the 13th current, at eleven o'clock forenoon.

N. B. The Whole HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE belonging to the said Archibald Crichton will be SOLD by public roup, on the Friday following, being the 15th current, to begin at ten o'clock forenoon, and to continue every day from that hour till all is sold off. Any person inclining to take the house and stable, which belonged to the said Archibald Crichton, may apply to Mr William Espie distiller, Lawn-market, Edinburgh, who has power to LET the same for nine years to come, and may be entered to immediately.

TO be LET for one, two, or three years, and to be entered to immediately, with or without the furniture,

The House, Garden, Hot-house, Offices, Pigeon-house, and Policies, of ST GERMAINS, lying in the parish of Tranent and county of Haddington, with 86 acres of grass-ground round the house, divided into different fields, all well inclosed and watered; 29 acres of which were laid down last season with grass-seeds.

Apply to Mr Walker, Byres's Close, Edinburgh.

SALE OF HOUSES IN BORROWSTOUNNESS.

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the house of John Bain vintner in Borrowstounness, on Monday the 4th day of March 1782, at twelve o'clock noon,

ALL and WHOLE that TENEMENT of HOUSE, back and fore, under and above, with the pertinents in the town of Borrowstounness, presently possessed by John Wood merchant there, and his tenants.

For further particulars, application may be made to Alexander Dickieson writer in Falkirk.

THAT upon Tuesday the 9th day of April 1782, within the house of John Campbell vintner in Perth, at three o'clock afternoon, there will be let by public roup,

A SUB-TACK of the FARM of WOODHEAD, for seven years after Martinmas next.

This farm lies in the parish of Aberdalgie and county of Perth, within two miles of the town of Perth, and consists of 254 Scots acres, all inclosed with sufficient fence of ditch and hedge, subdivided in sixteen different inclosures, the one half of the whole farm being in grass, and all in good heart.

The articles and conditions of roup are to be seen in the hands of John Rutherford, jun. writer in Perth; and the farm will be shown by the foreman.

COUNTY OF FORFAR.

THE Commiſſioners of Supply of the county of Forfar, who were preſent at the meeting appointed to be held upon the 31ſt January laſt, for taking into conſideration a letter received from the Convener of the County of Stirling, relative to an application propoſed to be made to Parliament for an alteration of the Diſtillery Laws, in reſpect a very few Commiſſioners attended, thoſe preſent did not think it proper to enter upon the conſideration of the foreſaid letter, and adjourned the meeting to Monday the 11th of February current, at eleven o'clock forenoon; and appointed the clerk to intimate the adjournment in the news-papers.

IN SCOT's CLOSE,

To be LET for one or more years, and entered into at Whitſunday,

TWO DWELLING-HOUSES, conſiſting of three rooms and a kitchen each; under which is a ſtable with ſtalls for ſeven horſes, lately poſſeſſed by Mr Wallace, now moved to the George Inn, Briſtoport. Likewiſe a Stable for three horſes on the other ſide of the cloſe. The large ſtable has been formerly ſet for a work-houſe in the lint or yarn manufacture way, and may ſtill anſwer that purpoſe. The two houſes may be ſet jointly or ſeparately, as they are in the ſame ſtair.—As alſo, a Houſe and Smithy, preſently poſſeſſed by Mr Taylor ſmith.

For further particulars, enquire at Mrs Thomas Campbell, in Argyle-ſquare, the proprietor.

FARMS IN THE COUNTY OF ROXBURGH.

TO be LET, by public roup, at the Croſs Keys, Kelſo, on Friday the 29th of March next, at eleven o'clock forenoon,

The following FARMS, parts of the ESTATE of CLIFTON, viz. The Farms of CLIFTON and CURBURN, in the pariſh of Morbattle.

The PARMS called the BURNFOOT FARM, GREENFIELD FARM, and the PARK FARM, in the pariſh of Lintoun.

Theſe Farms lie about ſix miles ſouth of Kelſo. They have been many years in the poſſeſſion of the proprietor, kept in the beſt order for ſtock, and are in fine condition for both ſtock and corn, the proprietor having only ploughed in ſome of the incloſures of the Park Farm and Burnfoot Farm.

Perſons intending to take any of theſe Farms may apply to Thomas Cockburn writer to the ſignet, at Edinburgh, or Richard Pringle at Bankhead on the eſtate, who have powers to let. And the conditions may be ſeen in the hands of James Potts writer in Kelſo.

LANDS TO BE SOLD, by Adjournment.

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-houſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 6th March 1782, at five o'clock afternoon,

The Lands and Eſtate of LANRICK and ROUSKIE, with the teinds and pertinents thereof, lying within the pariſhes of Kilmadock, Port, and Kincardine, and ſheriffdom of Perth.

The yearly rent of the eſtate is 632 l. 8 s. 11½ d. Sterling of money, 78 bolls 1 firlot 2 pecks meal, and 64 kain hens. There is a riſe of rent upon one of the farms crop 1782 of about 45 l. Sterling; and there have been offers of a conſiderable riſe upon ſeveral of the farms, the tacks of which expire in 1782, 1783, and 1789; one of which farms is at preſent ſubſet for 20l. more than the rent paid to the proprietor, and the whole of theſe farms will double the rent at the expiry of the leaſes.

This eſtate is very improveable, being of excellent quality, and comprehends above 2000 Scots acres, great part of which is incloſed and ſubdivided with ſtone dykes, for which the tenants, by their tacks, are bound to pay 6 per cent. of intereſt not included in the rental, and on which incloſing there has been above 1000 l. ſterl. laid out. There are quarries in different parts of the eſtate, and there is ſhell marle in Lanrick. There is a good manſion-houſe at Lanrick, with a great deal of old planting, beſides ſome acres of natural wood beautifully ſituated upon the banks of the river Teath, within 8 miles of Stirling, in a country abounding with game.—The eſtate holds of the Crown, and affords two qualifications in the county.—Two fields of ſhell marle have been lately diſcovered within the lands of Lanrick; and there is a good lime-craig within leſs than a mile of the lands of Rouskie.—For the encouragement of purchaſers, theſe lands will be ſet up at 15,000 l.

The Lands will be expoſed together or ſeparately as purchaſers ſhall incline; and will be ſhown by Robert Stewart at the houſe of Lanrick or George M'Queen tenant in Tar of Rouſkie.

II. About 19 Acres of RICH ARABLE LAND, near the village of St Ninians, within a mile of the town of Stirling, rented about 29 l. Sterling, upon which there is a convenient manſion-houſe and offices, and the ſuperiority of part of the lands of Cambuſbarron, out of which there are feu-duties payable to the extent of 11 l. Sterling yearly. To be ſet up at 1000 l.

III. A TACK of the Farms of EASTER and WESTER COXETHILL, and others, for 38 years from Martinmas 1773, as preſently poſſeſſed by Mr Wordie, lying near the village of St Ninians, within a mile of the town of Stirling. Great part of this farm has been properly laid down, and is incloſed and ſubdivided. There is alſo a good deal of thriving planting upon the farm, the ſole property of the tackſman. To be ſet up at 1080 l.

For further particulars, application may be made to David Ruſſel accomptant in Edinburgh, or to John Græme clerk to the ſignet, who will ſhow the rentals and conditions of ſale of the different ſubjects, with the progreſſes of writs and ſurveys of the eſtate of Lanrick and Rouſkie

LINLITHGOW BLEACHFIELD, 1782.

JOSEPH READ Bleaches this ſeaſon, in the beſt manner, and at following prices, viz.

800, and under,	at 2d. per yard.	Lawns, at	2½ d.
900 and 100,	2½ d.	Cottons and Long Lawns,	3 d.
1100 and 1200,	3 d.	Diapers,	3½ d.
1300,	3½ d.	Cambricks,	4 d.
1400 and 1500,	4 d.	Damaſk and fine Tweels,	4½ d.
1600, and all above,	4½ d.	Coarſe Diapers and Tweels,	2½ d. and 3 d.

INTAKERS for this Field:

John Spottiſwood, at his Carron ware-houſe, Weſt-bow,
Alexander Borthwick merchant, Lawn Market,
Alexander Manners grocer, back of the Guard,
John Campbell and George Cuming merchants, Canongate,
Joſeph Gavin merchant, Mainpoint, } EDINBURGH
James Walker weaver, Croſs-cauſey,
John Chalmers weaver, Caſtlebarns,
John Cochrane weaver, Lauriеſton,
And at the Bleachfield Warehouſe, foot of Libberton's Wynd, Cowgate,

Alexander Henderſon flax-dreſſer, Leith.
Henry Thomſon tobacconiſt, Muſſelburgh.
Robert Welſh watchmaker, Dalkeith.
Patrick Thomſon ſalt-officer, Preſtonpans.
James Manderſon carrier, North Berwick.
James Hardie weaver, Kelſo.
John Watſon merchant, Lauder.
Adam Wilſon weaver, Jedburgh.
Patrick Fletcher merchant, Selkirk.
David Thomſon weaver, Melroſe.
Miſs Banks milliner, Haddington.
James Walker weaver, Galaſhiels.
Thomas and John Young weavers, Kirkliſton.
James and Thomas Johnſton, weavers, Queenſferry.
Miſs Grandiſton, Inverkeithing.
William Lillie weaver, Midcalder.
David Girdwood, Carnwath.
John Finlay weaver, Lanark.
Robert Mochrie merchant, Bathgate.
Patrick Fergusſon flax-dreſſer, Stirling.
James Duncan merchant, Alloa.
John Hall weaver, Clackmanan.
Joſeph Wilſon merchant, Kincardine.
James Campbell weaver, Culroſs.
Robert Reid weaver, Torryburn.
Henry Rymer merchant, Borrowſtounneſs.
James Wilſon merchant, Whitburn.
James Lithgow ſtampmaſter, Falkirk.
James Niven, William Thomſon, and Alexander Laing, merchants, Linlithgow.
And at the Bleachfield,—at all which places receipts will be given.

N. B. Cloth for ſale finiſhed and lapped in the neateſt manner, and the fabrick of that for private uſe carefully preſerved.

INTIMATION,

To the CREDITORS of the deceaſed WILLIAM WHITEHEAD, Diſtiller at Cowie, in the county of Stirling.

Stirling, Feb. 4. 1782.

WHEREAS the Arbiters in the ſubmiſſion amongſt theſe Creditors did, upon the 10th January laſt, appoint intimation, by letter, to be made to the whole of them, to tranſmit without delay their claims, and evidence thereof to their doers, to be laid before the Arbiters betwixt and the 1ſt inſtant, certifying, that if they made any unreaſonable delay, ſuch as did, might run a riſk of other Creditors (who complied) obtaining a preference to them; and ſuch intimation having been accordingly made, the Arbiters met this day, in purſuance thereof; and finding, that at the General Meeting, the claims were of a much greater amount than thoſe now lodged, they, in order to render thoſe who neglect to give in their claims inexcuſeable, appointed this public advertiſement to be made, REQUIRING the whole Creditors of ſaid WILLIAM WHITEHEAD, who have not already lodged their claims forthwith to give in the ſame to James Wright writer in Stirling, with the inſtructions thereof, or a condeſcendence how they mean to prove the ſame;—hereby certifying, That if this order is not complied with, on or before the 20th current, the Arbiters will thereafter proceed to aſcertain the claims already lodged, or to be lodged, within ſaid ſpace, and order payment to the excluſion of thoſe who neglect.

Not to be repeated.

St. JAMES'S SQUARE,

EDINBURGH,

In which are AREAS to be feued for Building.

THE Situation of this Square is dry and healthy. It is ſheltered by the New Town from the weſt wind, which blows with ſuch violence from that quarter. It is without the reach of the ſtench of the butchers ſhambles, ſo intolerable to the neighbourhood. It has moſt extenſive views over the adjacent country, over the frith of Forth, and over almoſt the whole coaſt of Fife, which nothing poſſible can ever intercept. It is only a ſhort walk from the Royal Botanic Garden, and has ready acceſs to a variety of agreeable airings in the country.

It is very near to five different churches; to the public markets; and to the Theatre Royal. It is cloſe adjoining to the area upon which the New Aſſembly Room is to be built, and to that uſeful and elegant building the Regiſter Office, in which the whole Gentlemen of the law are concerned: And it is nearer to the Univerſity, to the High School, to the Parliament-Houſe, to the General Poſt-Office, to the Boards of Cuſtom and Exciſe, &c. than any part of the New Town, a very few houſes excepted.

Beſide all theſe local advantages, the Feuers of St James's Square will be free of the *land-tax*, of *miniſters ſtipend*, of *ſtent on trade*, of *impoſt on liquors*, and of the many other *impoſitions* to which the inhabitants within the royalty of the city of Edinburgh are ſubject.——There is plenty of good water in the ground, to be had at a very ſmall expence; and all the feuers are to be taken bound to contribute their proportion to the public police of the Square, viz. ſcavengers, lamps, &c.

ALSO to be FEUED, a number of AREAS for building, on the lower ground adjoining the Square, which is alſo without the royalty of the city of Edinburgh, and are remarkably well adapted for ſhops, warehouſes, wine-cellars, &c.

Mr Fergusſon the proprietor, firſt ſtorey of Gavinloch's land, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, will ſhow a plan of the Square, the ſtreets where the other buildings are propoſed, and inform as to the terms, and every other particular relative to the premiſſes.

TO BE SOLD,

By public roup or auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Tueſday the 19th March 1782, at 5 o'clock afternoon,

LOT I.

THE Lands and Barony of RAVENSTOUN, now called CASTLESTEWART, and the Eight-Merk Land of DOWALTOUN, lying in the pariſhes of Glaſſerton and Sorby, and county of Wigton, conſiſting of 2640 acres or thereby, and paying 1047l. Sterling of yearly rent, which riſes during the currency of the preſent leaſes to above 1060l.—To be expoſed to ſale, for the encouragement of purchaſers, at 28,000l. Sterling.

On this eſtate (which is all ſubſtantially incloſed and ſubdivided), there is a large commodious modern manſion-houſe, with ſuitable offices, all in good repair; alſo fine gardens and an extenſive policy, laid out in the beſt taſte, with a great deal of young planting very thriving.

This eſtate is capable of great improvement, having plenty of marle upon it. About 500 acres lying round the manſion-houſe is preſently out of leaſe. The eſtate holds of the Crown, and affords no leſs than eight clear qualifications (on the old extent) for electing a Member in Parliament, and the tithes are valued.

LOT II.—The Lands and Barony of NEWTONSTEWART, lying in the pariſh of Penningham and county of Wigtoun, conſiſting of 1500 acres or thereby, and paying about 405l. of yearly rent, which riſes during the currency of the preſent leaſes to above 450l. whereof 53l. 18s. 3d. is the feu-duties of the houſes and gardens in the town of Newtonſtewart, and the remainder property-rent.—To be expoſed to ſale at 10,700l. Sterling.

The burgh of Barony of Newtonſtewart is a very thriving town. It lies on the great military road from Carliſle to Port-Patrick, and alſo on the road from Galloway by Ayrſhire to Glaſgow, and within a mile and a half of the ſea-port of Carty, where lime and ſea-ſhells for improving the grounds are imported at a cheap rate.

This eſtate alſo lies on the river Cree, and has a ſalmon-fiſhing on that river. It holds of the Crown; the tithes are valued, and the purchaſer will have right to them.

LOT III.—The Lands and Barony of DUCHRAE, lying in the pariſh of Balmaghie and ſtewartry of Kirkcudbright, conſiſting of 2430 acres or thereby, and paying 410l.—To be expoſed to ſale at 10,000l. Sterling, or in the following lots, at the prices after mentioned, viz.

1ſt, The Mains of Duchrae, and the Lands of Ullioch and Meikle and Little Craigs, about 773 acres, as preſently poſſeſſed by Samuel and David M'Clellans, at 135l. 2s. Sterling.—To be expoſed at 3200l. Sterling.

2d, Drumglaſs, Tornoroch, and Meikle and Little Duchrae, about 884 acres, as preſently poſſeſſed by James M'Conochy, at 145l. 10s. ſterling.—To be expoſed at 3700l. ſterling.

3d, Urioch, Clonie, and Mill of Duchrae, about 637 acres, as preſently poſſeſſed by Andrew M'Min, at 108l. 19s. 2d. 3-12ths.—To be expoſed at 2600l.

And laſtly, Drumbreck, about 137 acres, as preſently poſſeſſed by William M'Kenzie, at 16l. 9s. 10d. with the addition of 4l. yearly from Martinmas 1782.—To be expoſed at 500l. Sterling.

The barony of Duchrae holds of the Crown, and ſtands rated in the ceſs-books at 925l. 6s. 8d. Scots. It lies on the river Dee, by which, and a canal from the loch of Carlingwork, marle of the beſt quality for improving the grounds is eaſily got at a cheap rate.

There is a wood on this eſtate, which, at laſt cutting in 1768, ſold for 400l. Sterling; and there is alſo another wood preſently fit for cutting, worth about 100l.

The tenants pay all the public and pariſh burdens over and above their rents. The tithes are valued, and the purchaſer will have right to them.

LOT IV.—A HOUSE and GARDEN in the Town of WIGTON, as preſently poſſeſſed by Mrs Iſabel Stewart, at the rent of 5l. Sterling.

LOT V.—A HOUSE in the Town of WHITEHORN, as preſently poſſeſſed by Mrs Muir, at the rent of 15s. Sterling.

The title-deeds, rent-rolls, current leaſes, plans of the eſtates, and conditions of ſale, are to be ſeen in the hands of John Hunter writer to the ſignet; to whom, or to Alexander Farquharſon accomptant in Edinburgh (who has power to conclude a private bargain), perſons inclining to purchaſe may apply; and Mr Samuel M'Caul at Corſby, near Newtonſtewart, will ſhow the lands.

If the ſubjects in the 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th lots are not ſold on the 19th March 1782, the roup as to them will be adjourned to Friday the 26th of April thereafter, to be held at eleven o'clock forenoon, in the houſe of Mrs Brewer innkeeper in Newtonſtewart, when the barony of Newtonſtewart will be divided and expoſed in 17 different lots, conform to a ſcheme thereof, printed copies of which may be had by applying to the ſaid John Hunter, or to the ſaid Mr Samuel M'Caul.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

THAT large elegant HOUSE facing the General Poſt-Office, New-Bridge, Edinburgh, conſiſting of eleven rooms, kitchen, pantry, cellars, water cloſet, &c. To be entered to immediately, or at Whitſunday next, with or without two ſhoreys and cellars, that enter from Halkerſton's Wynd.—May be ſeen from one to two o'clock every day.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

THAT TENEMENT of LAND, conſiſting of two ſtoreys and garrets, with the fore and back Gardens, Well, and Pertinents, all incloſed, lying in Rae's Cloſe on the north ſide of the Canongate-head of Edinburgh.

The houſe may be poſſeſſed either by one or two families, there being four rooms, including kitchens, in each flat, beſides the garret ſtorey, and two cellars below the firſt flat. The two gardens and well make it a convenient place for carrying on different branches of buſineſs; and, if the purchaſer inclines to take down the preſent tenement, there will be a long ſtretch of area for building upon.

If theſe ſubjects be let, they will either be repaired by the proprietor or tenant, as ſhall be agreed on.

For particulars enquire at Thomas Ruthven writer in Edinburgh.

By Adjournment and Price reduced.
LANDS OF BLAIRNGONE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 11th day of February 1782, betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon,

Theſe Four Sixth Parts of the ſaid Town and Lands of BLAIRNGONE, with the Teinds thereof, which pertained to the deceaſed Robert Alice, in one lot, at the upſet price of 2408l. 4s. 7d. ſterling.

As ALSO, Another Sixth Part of the ſaid Town and Lands, with the Teinds thereof, pertaining to Edward Rutherford of Pathmill, in a lot by itſelf, at the upſet price of 602l. 1s. 8d.

Theſe upſet prices are at the rate of 25 years purchaſe of the preſent rental of the lands, being 24 l. 10 s. 11d. for each ſixth part, free of ceſs and other public burdens, as mentioned in former advertiſements.

The conditions of roup, rental, and progreſs of writs, are to be ſeen in the hands of Mr Edward Rutherford writer in Edinburgh; and Mr John Taylor, coal grieve at Blairngone, will ſhow the lands.

SALE OF GLENCARSE IN PERTHSHIRE.

UPSET PRICE LOWERED.

TO be SOLD by public roup, on Wedneſday the 13th day of February 1782, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon, in the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh,

Theſe Parts of the Barony of GLENCARSE, (formerly advertiſed), in the pariſh of Kinfauns, and county of Perth, amounting to 479 l. 17 s. 6d. Sterling of free rent, converting the victual at the uſual rates. The whole of theſe lands are incloſed with ditch and hedge, and trees planted in the hedge-rows, all in good order; beſides 61¼ acres planting, well advanced, and in a very thriving ſtate, not rentalled. The whole lands hold of the Crown, and, when ſeparated from the parts to be retained, will be valued in the ceſs-books of the county at 1400l. Scots.

There are ſeveral remarkable fine ſituations for a houſe, commanding a beautiful proſpect of the Carſe of Gowrie, rivers of Tay and Earn.——For the encouragement of purchaſers, the above to be ſet up at 10,000l. Sterling, being under twenty-one years purchaſe of the free land rent,

If purchaſers incline, the above may be divided into two lots: The eaſtmoſt lot amounting to 244 l. 5 s. 10d. Sterling of free rent, and the weſtmoſt to 235 l. 11 s. 8d. Sterling of free rent, to be ſet up at twenty-one years purchaſe.

Any inclining to purchaſe by private bargain, may apply to Mr Martin Lindſay writer in Edinburgh; with whom are lodged the progreſs of writs, rental, tacks, and plan of the lands; and the lands to be ſhown by applying to Mrs Lauder tenant in Glencarſe.

ALSO, The Lands of OVERDURDIE, lying in the pariſh of Kilſpindie, and county of Perth, amounting to 110l. 11s. 10d. Sterling of free yearly rent, alſo holding of the Crown.

For further particulars, apply to the above Mr Martin Lindſay, or to the proprietor at Balthyock.

LANDS IN EAST LOTHIAN.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, within the Exchange Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh, on Monday 12th March next, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

The Lands of SIDESERF and KINGSTONHILL, lying in the pariſh of North Berwick, and county of Haddington. Theſe lands are of an exceeding rich ſoil, and pleaſantly ſituated near the road from North Berwick to Haddington. There is a neat commodious Manſion-houſe and Office-houſes, with a very good garden, upon the premiſſes. The whole has been in poſſeſſion of the proprietor for many years.

The title-deeds, with a plan of the lands, are in the hands of John Tait writer to the ſignet, eaſt end of Prince's Street, Edinburgh, who is empowered to ſell by private bargain.

SALE OF INCHMARTINE.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh, on the 12th day of July next, at five o'clock afternoon, by the Tutors of Miſs OGILVY of Inchmartine, under the authority of the Court of Seſſion,

All and whole the LANDS and BARONY of INCHMARTINE, comprehending the Mains and Manor-place of Inchmartine, Eaſter and Weſter Inchmartine, Pitmiddle, Craigdeallie, Mill and aſtricted Multures thereof, Balgay, Mireſide, and Temple Lands of Greenhead, with the Teinds of the foreſaid whole lands, except thoſe of Balgay, all holding blench of the Crown, and lying in the pariſhes of Errol, Inchture, and Kinnaird, and county of Perth.

The free rent is 904 l. 6 s. 3 d. 5-12ths Sterling of money, 319 bolls 2 firlots 2 pecks wheat, 361 bolls 2 firlots barley, and 117 bolls meal, with 565 poultry, beſides a number of carriages payable when demanded.

This eſtate lies about mid-way between Perth and Dundee, on the two public roads to theſe towns, in the heart of the Carſe of Gowrie, which is known to be one of the moſt beautiful and fertile countries in Scotland. It is of great extent, and conſiſts of a proper proportion of carſe and other grounds. The ſoil is of the richeſt and moſt ſubſtantial nature, and produces crops of all kinds of the very beſt quality. The barony meaſure is large, and the victual-farm gives the higheſt prices. The tenants are all in good circumſtances, the rents regularly paid, and no arrears upon the eſtate, which being capable of great improvement, a purchaſer will have every proſpect of riſes as the leaſes drop.

The fine navigable river Tay runs through the Carſe; and there is a harbour in it, within a mile of the eſtate of Inchmartine.

There are many valuable old trees on the Carſe eſtate, and an extenſive thriving young plantation in the hill of Pitmiddle.

The manſion-houſe, which conſiſts of twelve rooms, beſides two wings containing every accommodation for a large family, is in complete order, and ſtands nearly in the center of the eſtate, at a proper diſtance from a large court of offices, a pigeon-houſe, a fine orchard, and a new garden, incloſed by high walls, well ſtocked with fruit-trees of all kinds. The farm, which ſurrounds the houſe, and to which, or any part of it, a purchaſer can have acceſs at pleaſure, is ſufficiently incloſed; and the thriving hedge-rows and ſtripes of planting on this part of the eſtate give a moſt beautiful and luxuriant appearance to the whole place.

The country abounds with game of all kinds, and the valued rent of the eſtate is ſufficient to give nine freehold qualifications in the county of Perth. Above 20,000 l. Sterling of the price, or ſuch part thereof as the purchaſer inclines, will be allowed to remain in his hands on proper ſecurity.

The progreſs is clear, and, with the rental, &c. may be ſeen in the hands of Andrew Stuart, jun. writer to the ſignet; to whom, or to John Robertſon writer in Edinburgh, perſons inclining to purchaſe by private bargain, betwixt and the day of ſale, may apply.

James Niell gardener at Inchmartine, will ſhow the eſtate and the houſe.

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